

1. The method of screening epithelial tissue for possible abnormal tissue sites, said method comprising:

(a) illuminating a gross anatomical area of epithelial tissue with a light of preselected wavelengths, that selectively aids in visualizing abnormal tissue sites on said gross area; and

(b) viewing said gross area through filter lens which transmit light in said preselected wavelengths, while substantially blocking transmission of light of wavelengths other than said preselected wavelengths, to enhance the visualization of any of said abnormal tissue sites in the presence of normal ambient light.